

Indicative Endings Summary

<i>Primary</i> (Unaugmented)			<i>Secondary</i> (Augmented)	
Present Active	Future Active	Perfect	Imperfect Active	Aorist Active
λύω I lose/I am loosing I destroy/I am destroying	λύσω I will loose I will destroy	λέλυκα I have loosed	ἔλυον I was loosing I was destroying	1 st : ἐλυσάμην I loosed/I destroyed 2 nd : ἔλαβον I took
Present Middle/Passive ¹	Future Middle (All Deponent)	Perfect Middle/Passive ¹	Imperfect Middle/Passive ¹	Aorist Middle (All Deponent)
Passive: λύομαι I am loosed/I am being loosed I am destroyed/I am being destroyed Middle: ἔρχομαι I come	πορεύσομαι I will go	Passive: λέλυμαι I have been loosed Middle: ἠγώνισομαι I have fought	Passive: ἔλυόμην I was being loosed/I was being destroyed Middle: ἤρχόμην I was going	1 st : προσηυξάμην I prayed 2 nd : ἐγενόμην I became
	Future Passive		Aorist Passive	
	1 st : λυθήσομαι I will be loosed/I will be destroyed	2 nd : ἀποσταλήσομαι I will be sent	1 st : ἐλύθην I was loosed	2 nd : ἐγράφην I was written

¹ A verb is either middle or passive. It is not both. The only exception is when a verb has two different meanings: one for the active and one for the middle. An example of this is ἄρχω. The active form, ἄρχω means "I rule" while the passive form, ἄρχομαι means, "I begin."